

CYNDRIEL, ALDEBARÁN – PART 1 - MYSTICAL PLANET - EXO-PLANETS



Conocimiento Pleyadiano

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Video URL: <https://youtu.be/s8fDzIKJ3vI>

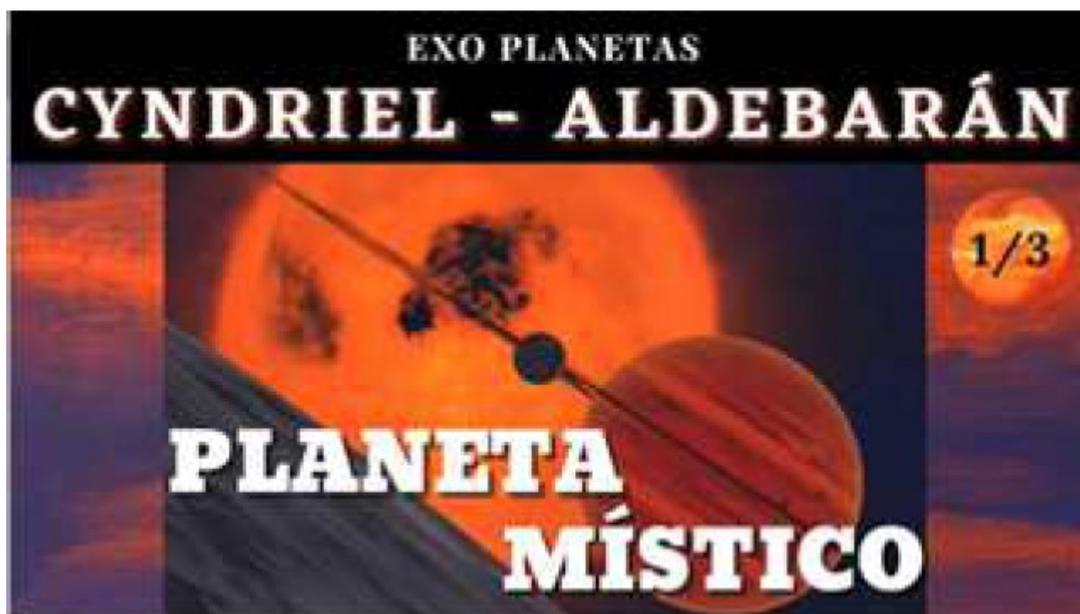
Anéeka of Temmer, an extraterrestrial woman from the star Taygeta in the Pleiades, explains the characteristics of the planet Cyndriel and the importance of this planet for her people. She also tells us how incredible and powerful the star Aldebaran is, its solar system and how this orange giant influences life on Cyndriel.

This video is the first in a series:

1/3 MYSTICAL PLANET

2/3 BIOLOGICAL DYNAMICS AND NATIVE POPULATION

3/3 TAYGETEAN BASE



"This information is provided by extraterrestrial persons, women and men from the Taygeta star in the Pleiades cluster, through a written contact with us."

START OF THE VIDEO - INFORMATION FROM ANÉEKA OF TEMMER

Cyndriel is a Class M planet. With a pleasant average temperature towards the top. That is, it is very hot there, comparable to the Gobi or the Sahara on Earth with rocky mountain areas like the mountains of Colorado. The entire planet is almost all desert with a lot of groundwater. It is not

scarce, only on the surface. Although it does have multiple large lakes. It has a lot of desert wildlife. It is full of exotic life like exotic plants too.

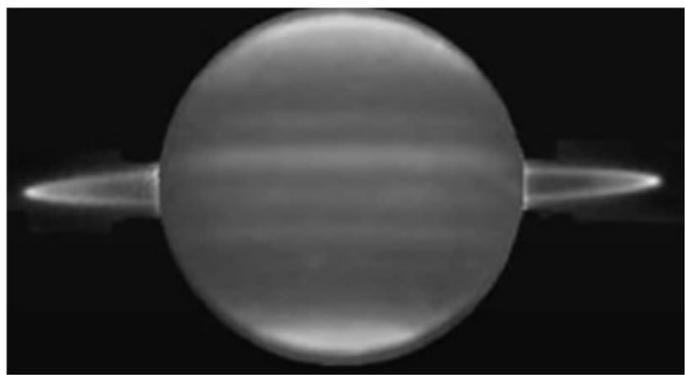


Gravity is 0.7 G. Base Earth 1.0 g. High oxygen, about 80%. It is toxic if one does not acclimatize first when coming from Earth, but not from Temmer where oxygen is also high. Even so, Cyndriel is considered a planet close to being one of the so-called super habitable ones such as Temmer and Erra. Planets where it is easier to live than on Earth. Planets that favour life more than on Earth. Alphrata is another very habitable planet as well as Venus, which is not a heap of hot gas, it is beautiful and habitable. Cyndriel is close to the great orange ringed giant Aldebaran which has a nebula around it as well.



Aldebaran is part of the Hyades. According to my memory, it is 84.5 light years from Earth. When the Pleiades are at 440 (light years), the average for Taygeta. It is that in two planes (2D) they look close, but if they see them in three planes (3D) they are far away like Orion also because 2 of the stars of Orion are the ones that are closest when the one in the center is the farthest from the other two. Please watch this, it's only 3 minutes, but it will give you an overview of how things look from someone's angle in a spaceship like this. You will see how I think in my mind about where things are in the space around the Pleiades. They will understand us better. Star map.

Returning to Cyndriel, the rings of the star Aldebaran are not like those of Saturn, those of Saturn are too large in relation to the sphere. The rings are something like in this image or a little smaller inclusive. Closer and only the inner ring. I understand that the rings are made of metallic rocks.



The nebula that surrounds Aldebaran is mostly gas and white dust that takes on the orange-red reflex color of the star. Unlike the Pleiades nebula, the Aldebaran nebula envelops the great star almost exclusively, making it appear even larger. But it is not a uniform haze as in the case of the M45 nebula, they are seen as flows or streaks of higher density. It gives a dreamlike air to all Aldebaran and the Pleiades too, of course.

The Aldebaran solar system, according to my memory, has 3 small planets of the Earth type or M, of which only one is inhabited, Cyndriel. And two giant super planets, one the size of Jupiter and one the size of Neptune in distant outer orbits. That is to say, the three small rocks are close to Aldebaran, while the first two are too close and only Cyndriel, planet number 3, is capable of being habitable. These two are not habitable basically due to too much radiation, like with Mercury here, there is nothing but rocks there.

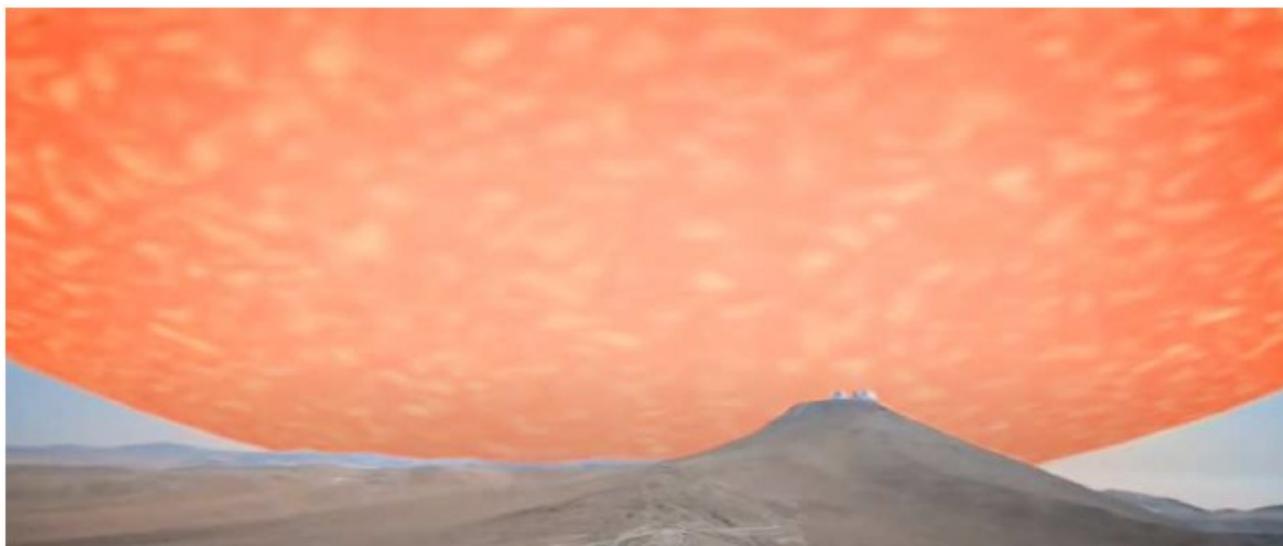
The two giant super planets, by contrast, have animal inhabitants of the kind similar to those found on Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune. They have no surface, only gas that becomes progressively denser and denser without a defined surface. This image represents one of the super planets of Aldebaran.



So, Aldebaran has a system of 5 large planets and countless planetoids and small asteroids that orbit it in a wide outer belt and away from that Sun, the equivalent to Earth's Kuiper belt. As for names, I don't have them at the moment. All my Aldebaran attention has been focused on Cyndriel and the Great Sun, of course. Regarding the star of Aldebaran, it is not very busy. Not transit-wise because of its spots. What happens is that it is a very powerful star, it emits a lot of radiation and makes it difficult to handle compared to a yellow sun. It emits too much energy, overloads the ships, makes it dangerous. It is simply too big and it is unnecessary to handle such a star if you have the option of using normal smaller stars. Aldebaran is in a strategic place, but with the Hyades there, those yellow suns are used as a transit system, leaving aside the powerful and therefore difficult star Aldebaran.

The giant has a much smaller companion star, Aldebaran B. Although it differs greatly in size, it can be said that it is a binary or more or less binary system. That is, the difference between the two is not even by much. Aldebaran B is a small red dwarf and the difference between a red dwarf and an orange giant is abysmal. It is a binary system, but not in the way that there is another Aldebaran this big.

Regarding the planet without Cyndriel, Taygeta has had a large colony there for a long time. The area is very special because it is very mystical. Cyndriel itself is very exotic to the Taygetean mind. And many people report paranormal and consciousness-altering events and experiences in the area and on Cyndriel. Many Taygeteans will go to live there searching for existential answers and for living esoteric experiences. Aldebaran itself, by itself, is highly hypnotic as a sun or a star. Also the time there, is greatly altered, with a huge difference in the perception of the passage of time on the surface than in the orbit. This is rare and unusual on a planet. It is not yet known what or why it happens. It has something to do with the nebula that surrounds everything and with Aldebaran itself, its proximity.



From the surface of Cyndriel and from orbit even more, Aldebaran is intimidating because of its large size and its rings. It feels like it is going to burn you from having the sun so close, but the same nebula filters a lot from Aldebaran allowing Cyndriel not to be under impossible temperatures even with its proximity to Aldebaran, but its influence is very great. When it rises or when it sets, it dominates the entire horizon with a soft orange glow and its prominent rings that shine in chrome or silver. Very alien scene indeed.

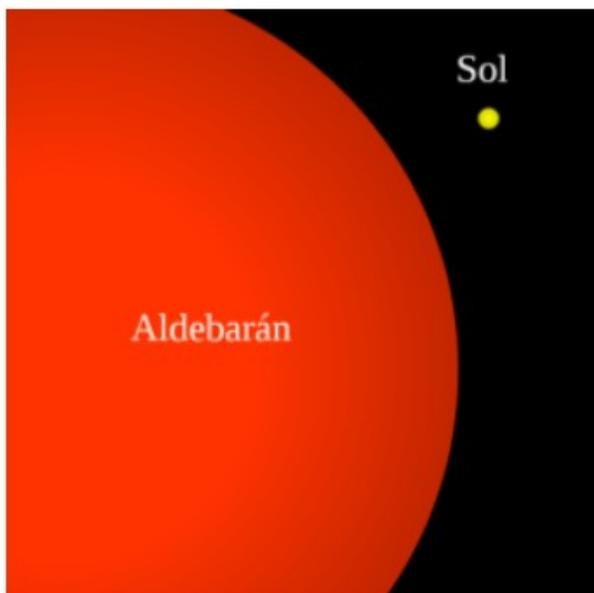
There are no words to express what it is like to be there in Cyndriel. It has been said that it looks like "Tatoonie" the planet of Luke Skywalker from Star Wars, but no, it does not. There is simply no comparison.

Cyndriel is a dream. The place is metaphysical. Exaggerated. It fills your senses. Bordering on the strange, on the psychedelic. Really, I'm not exaggerating. It's just unreal, everything there. I was there in 2016 just before arriving here in March 2016. The Ventra ship of which I was crew, as a cadet, stopped there.

But for me it hit me very hard because it was the first exo-solar system outside of Taygeta that I have seen and looked nothing like it, completely strange, so much that it's scary. I was also afraid because I did not understand anything. Nothing could be seen as familiar unless it was there inside the Taygeta bases. But outside nothing was familiar, nothing.

And that sun is really speechless, intimidating. That orange ball in the haze of nebula and still with those silver rings that dominates everything. It is not like a sun on Earth or Taygeta. At noon 90% of Cyndriel's sky is Aldebaran, and you really feel like it's going to burn you. You do not understand why it does not burn you, being so close.

Another thing, there is no night there, it just darkens a little and the space or the stars are hardly visible, it is blurred or covered by the nebula that is illuminated all the time. If telescope astronomy is what interests you, Cyndriel is not the place. Also, the time there is difficult to calculate, but what I felt is that I was there about a week and felt relief to see that the return ship had jumped into hyperspace. Look at the difference in sizes with Sol 13 and with Taygeta. This image doesn't do it justice. The sun dominates everything. This other image does remind one a bit of Cyndriel, but the Sun there is too small.



**Cristina & Estel·la
Anéeka of Temer**

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IN ENGLISH: <https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCe4VqunF6sfWEtxnU8SS9Gg>

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