

THE JURASSIC – EXISTENCE OF DINOSAURS



Conocimiento Pleyadiano

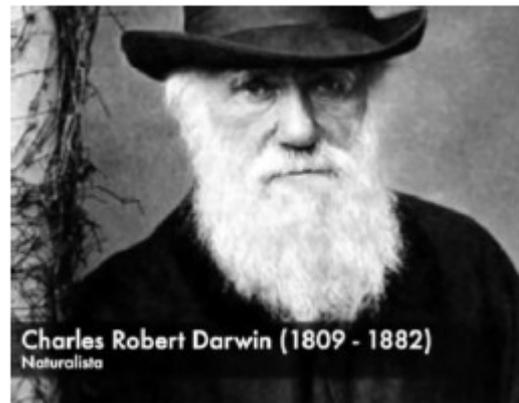
May 13, 2021

Video URL: <https://youtu.be/no5dfr1Mh9I>

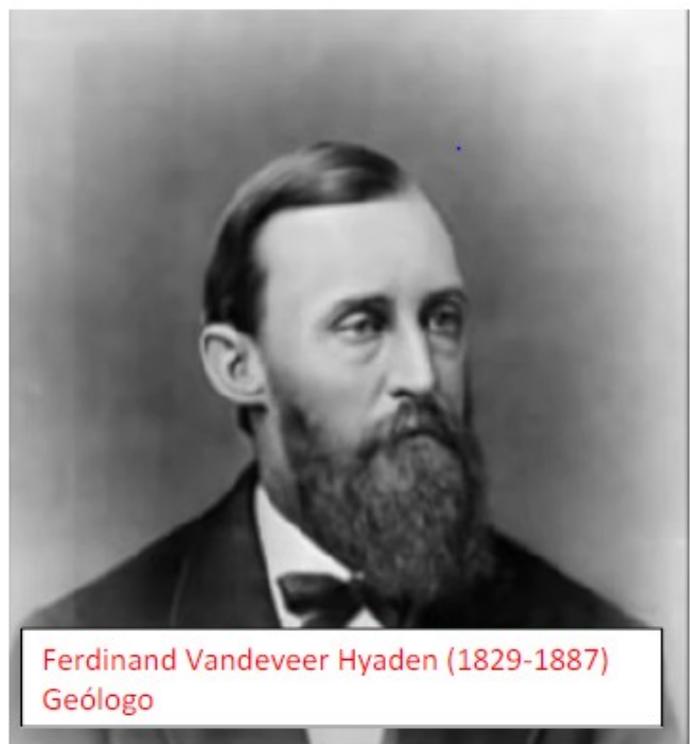
In this video, Yázhi Swarúu, a young alien tells us about dinosaurs and the theory of the evolution of species. The Jurassic, also known as the age of dinosaurs where large reptiles ruled the Earth more than 100 million years ago. But is that true? We should first know where the idea of dinosaurs came from.



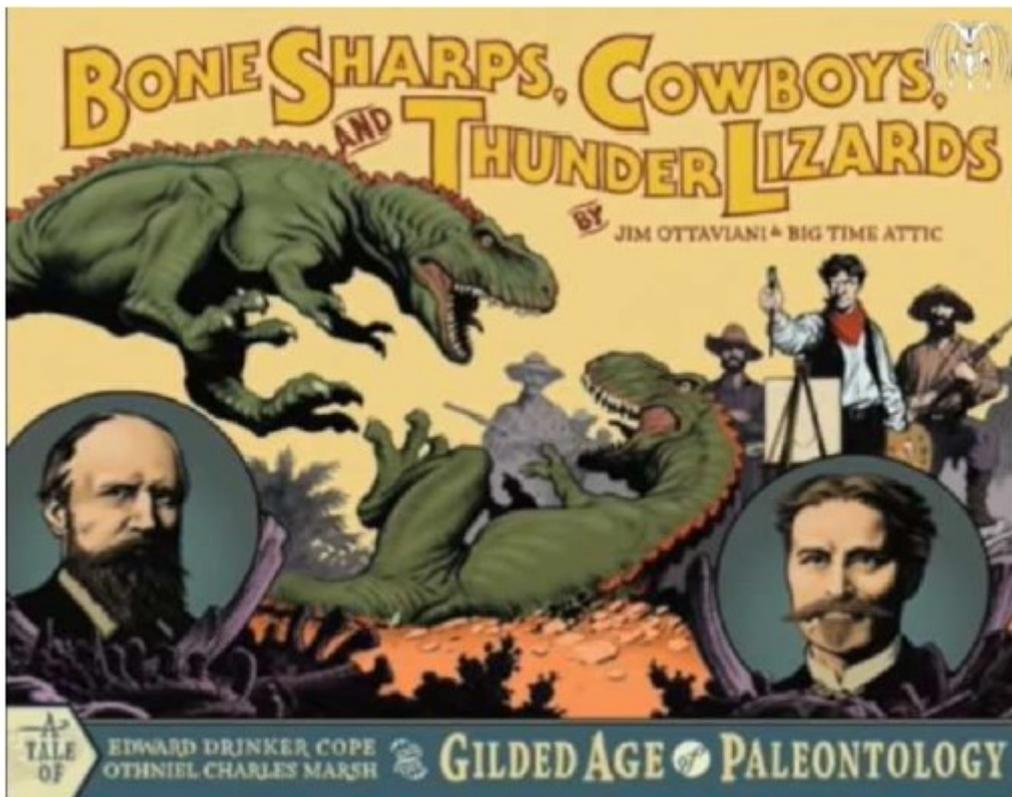
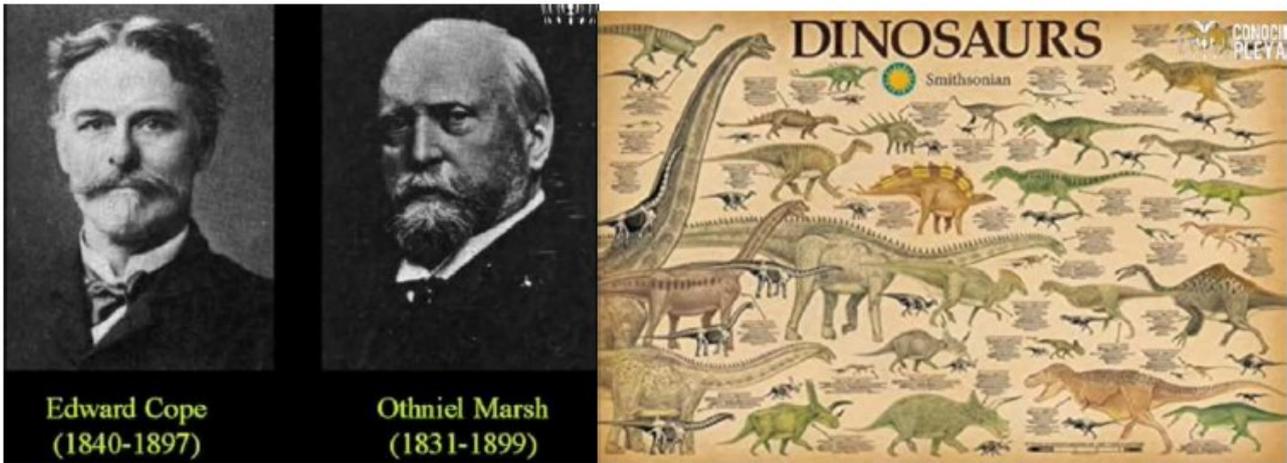
The existence of dinosaurs appears in our society around the year 1842, when Richard Owen, a British anatomist and paleontologist biologist devoted much of his studies to the extinction of species supporting Darwin in the theory of evolution. He was the first to theorize about large extinct reptiles in Mesozoic times and who gave the name "Dinosauria", based mainly on fossil teeth. And from these teeth emerged the first dinosaurs with their own names, the Megalosaurus and the Iguanodon. 12 years later, in 1854 Ferdinand Vandeveer Hyaden, an American geologist found the evidence for Owen's supposed theory during an exploration on the Missouri River. It was a few more teeth that he sent to paleontologist Joseph Leidy who declared that they came from an extinct dinosaur that they named Trachodon.



That same year, the sculptor Benjamin Waterhouse Hawkins, began making models of dinosaurs for the Crystal Palace park in south London where Owens directed his work. From there, the dinosaurs gained tremendous success, new finds appeared and thus they rebuilt new species of saurians until reaching the more than 800 species that our science recognizes to this day.



But how much of the truth do these 800 species of dinosaurs have? The truth is that, before the appearance of Mr. Richard Owen and the Masonic Renaissance of evolutionism, there are no records in our history of such animals. That is, before the nineteenth century, no, absolutely, no human civilization on the entire planet spoke of dinosaurs, not even in legends. We have legends of mermaids, giants, dragons, but none of dinosaurs. And the boom in the diversity of dinosaur species came when the two paleontologists, Edward Drinker Cope and Othniel Charles Marsh, natural scientists, claim to have discovered 142 types of dinosaurs between the years 1877 and 1892.



A wild competition to see who discovered more dinosaurs than even the showdown was known as: The War of the Bones. Sadly, only 30 of the 142 were later found to be possibly valid and the rest only forged. Today many scientists and researchers argue that dinosaurs as they were sold to us never existed, and that, after doing some research, they do not need reasons for such accusations. To date, only 2,100 bones of supposedly great saurians have been found and none of them shows a complete structure. For example, from the famous Tyrannosaurus Rex, only 15 incomplete bone assemblages have been found. But no dinosaur skull has been found either. All we can see about what these animals were like are only artistic interpretations, and hypotheses of how they imagine they could have been and all from one or a few bones.

In addition, almost all dinosaur bones have curiously emerged from very focused concrete quarries around the planet. Shouldn't they be scattered all over the planet? Weren't they supposed to reign over Earth? or Is it that they all went to die in the same places? And as if this were not enough, independent researchers do not have access to dinosaur bones and perhaps it is alarming because you may have seen dinosaur bones in a museum, but in museums there are only replicas or forgeries.

You can verify for yourself that the original bones are in closed and sealed vaults that belong to private institutions or organizations. For example, in China there is a factory for fake dinosaur bones. The company is called: My Dinosaurs Culture and Art Company, in Sichuan province. This company makes hyper-realistic dinosaur skeletons for museums and exhibitions. Using a technique of grinding real bones of large animals like horses and cows, and from there they create a paste and make the bones to create the skeletons. Its sale is distributed worldwide. So if you need a great Diplodocus skeleton to impress your museum visitors, just ask. And the reality is that dinosaur bones are worth a fortune. A few Tyrannosaurus Rex bones have been sold for € 12 million. Are dinosaurs just a big business worldwide invented to move tons of money while supporting their questionable theories of the evolution of species and thus further hide our true history from us?

"This information is provided by extraterrestrial persons, women and men from the Taygeta star in the Pleiades cluster, through a written contact with us."



Cristina.- Did dinosaurs exist?

Yázhi Swarúu Tasherit.- Some yes, some no. The first great celebrities discovered in the 19th century, sadly for children, did not exist. I speak of Triceratops, Brontosaurus, Tyrannosaurus, Megalosaurus and the like. What I can say is that from here it is not considered as real, it does not seem possible. Yes, there are animals this big on other planets, but not exactly like that. And those other planets have a gravity less than Earth like 0.6 or 0.7 G.

Estel-la.- What made paleontologists believe that there were gigantic reptiles or with what intention was all this put together?

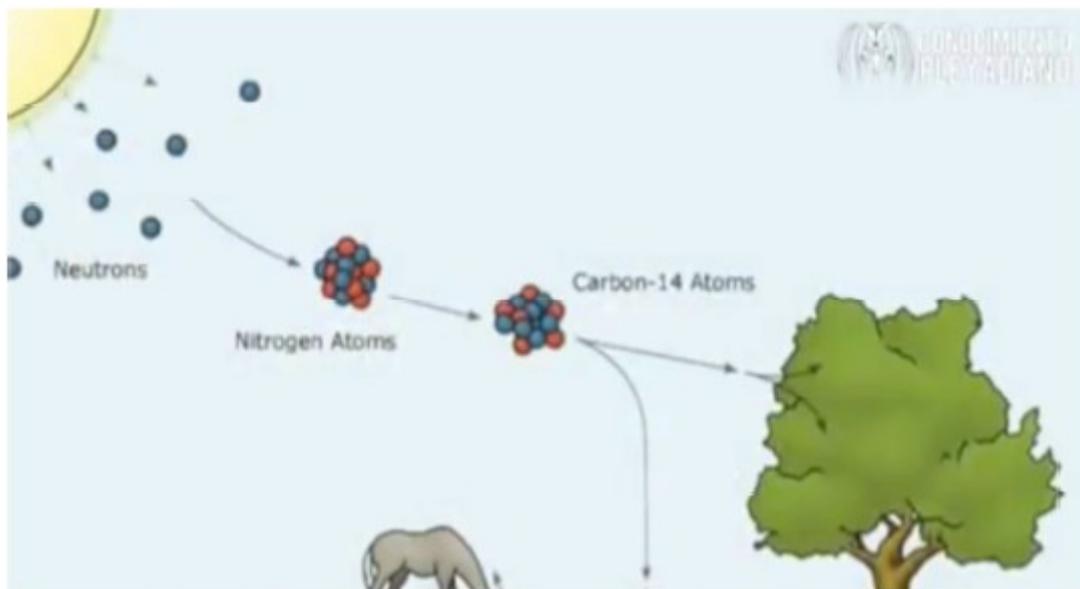
Yázhi Swarúu Tasherit.- I remember that they only found pieces of some such as Tyrannosaurus Rex and from there in the Royal Society of London they began to rebuild them with bones of cows, horses, dogs and cats because they saw an economic interest in them. But what I know is that, objectively, an animal of that size in the gravity of a terrestrial G would have to have much larger bones, and another bone structure, another design because its viscera would be too heavy to stay inside its thoracic cavity . In itself, the total weight would destroy the bones as they are officially displayed.

So, for that alone, the concept of a dinosaur is not right. The design is not compatible with life. Another point, from my perspective, as I have told you many times, animals, species are shared among many planets, among which have a capacity to sustain life of that kind according to the species and its needs. Because they do not evolve on a planet, but are seeded on planets. And there are no dinosaurs like those famous ones on any other planet, when there should be.

Estel-la.- Thank you very much. So, would that whole historical period be a lie?

Cristina.- I mean, didn't the Jurassic exist?

Yázhí Swarúu Tasherit.- The problem is time again. If it is already difficult to calculate something 15,000 years ago it is unrealistic to try to date things more than 65 million years ago. Carbon 14 is used, but it is practically useless because it gives wrong dates all the time and is drastically wrong. So, it's system garbage. It uses the decay rate of the radioactive compound carbon-14 which is said to be stable and takes millions of years as a constant. It measures the decay of carbon 14 in organic compounds specifically, being that living or recent ones have carbon 14 to 100 and from there they are degraded. The problem is that there are other things and other radioactive compounds that alter these readings. So, the age of a living mollusk has been calculated in millions of years which cannot be. And something millions of years old has been calculated as recent, that's why it's garbage.

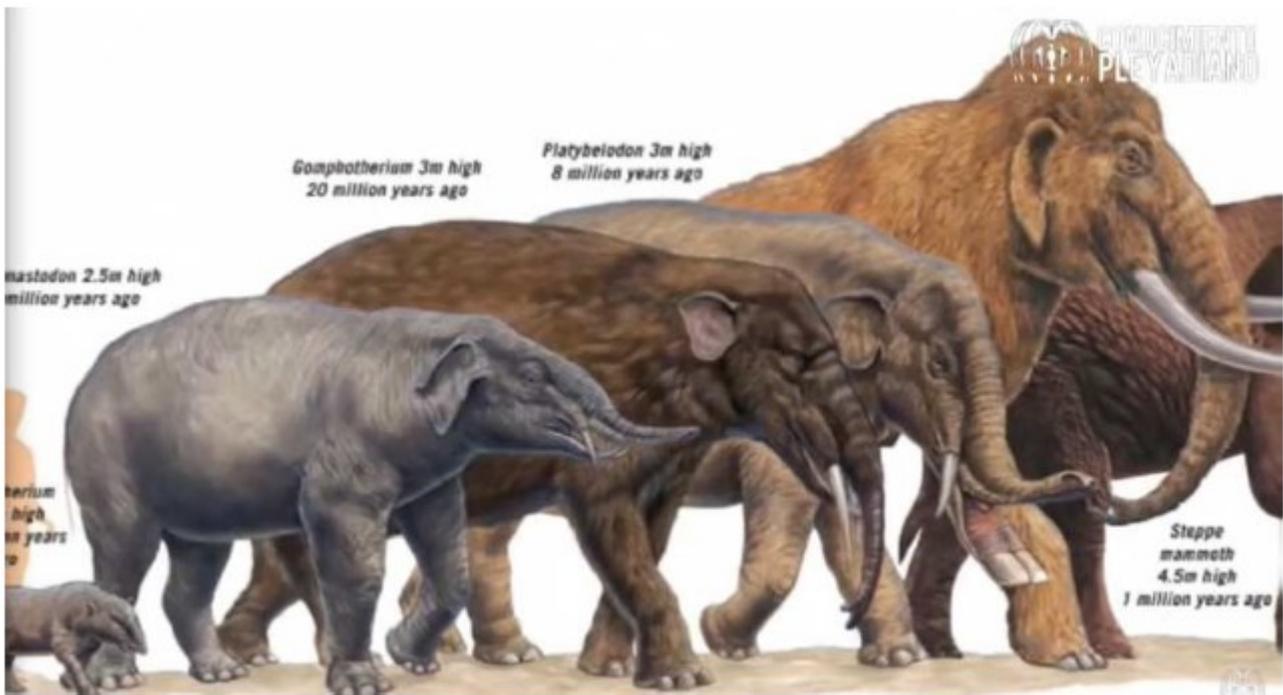


It is also calculated, by the other method, which is by the stratum of land. That is, how far down something is buried under layers and layers of soil that in theory builds up over time. The problem with this is that the earth is not fixed receiving earth on it for millions of years. It moves, it turns, there is erosion, it rains and there are floods and landslides. Although, objectively, it makes is a little more reliable than carbon 14 for me. And there is also the problem of calculating time that is not a constant, as you know, more before the lunar Matrix. Then, all together makes it impossible to calculate a period with exactness such as the Jurassic where the large dinosaurs lived. So, yes I can say that some did exist, but most likely, and by data from pure skeletal structural logic, it is that they could not have existed. And there is reason to create them, invent them, it is a matter of reputations and monetary interests in 19th century London.

Now about modern found dinosaurs, many new species of dinosaurs are being found in China. But it turns out that, coincidentally, they are found on the extensive grounds belonging to a Chinese company dedicated to making replicas of dinosaur bones for museums and collectors, all part of the Chinese Communist Party.



Too many things just don't fit for them to be real animals. But of course, other species did exist, but more the medium-sized ones like the maximum elephant or smaller ones like the Velociraptor, perhaps, since they are related to modern birds of prey like the eagle. But Tyrannosaurus, Brontosaurus, Triceratops, Stegosaurus, Allosaurus, Gigantosaurus, I highly doubt that they were real. In addition, the original bones can never be seen, much less studied by paleontologists other than those of the system and the club, because they are very, very controlled as well. That in itself also raises serious suspicions.



Cristina.- Thank you very much for all the explanation. So, what would be in the Jurassic, Cretaceous, first appearance of mammals, all this would be assembled data without foundation right?

Yázhí Swarúu Tasherit.- At least with the fundamentals within the reach of human science, without forgetting that what they say will always be according to the interests of the powerful and the companies they have. Regarding the appearance of mammals, there is what or should be entered into the evolution of species. Non-human science does not accept Darwinian evolution as scientific

fact. In itself, as the name implies: "Darwin's theory of the evolution of species," is a theory. But in universities, students are forced to accept it as an irrefutable fact under pain of expulsion from the system and therefore the end of their careers.

What non-human science indicates, and not just Taygetean, is that there is no evolution of species. On Earth you only see two ways to explain that animals exist.

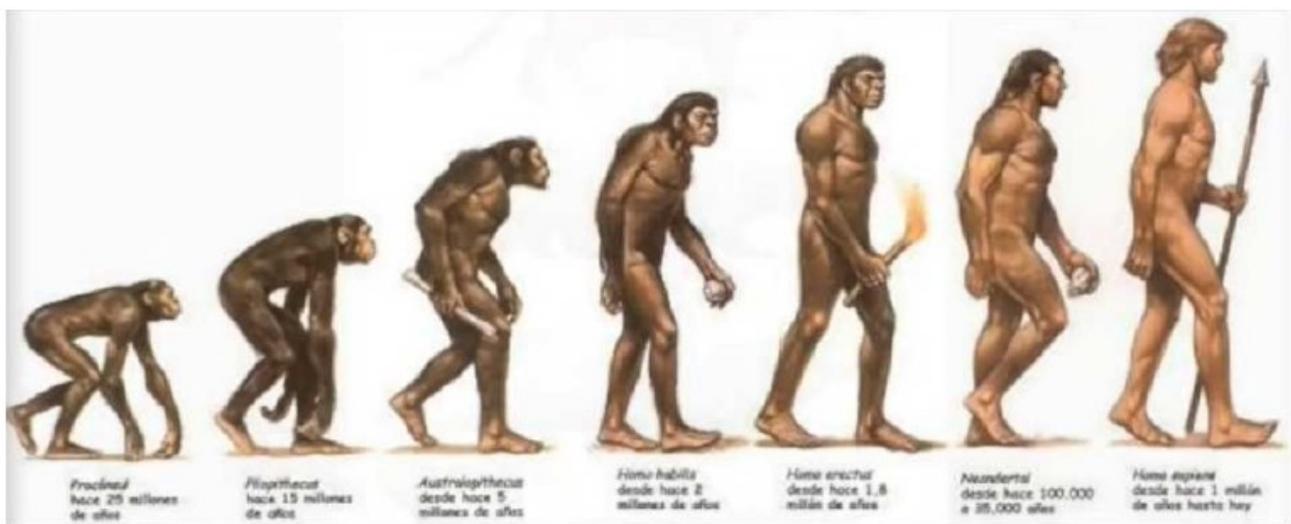
1-Evolution, as Darwin says.

2-Divine creationism.

For advanced interstellar civilizations it is neither of those two things. Species are seeded on planets, some as creations of other advanced races. Other times, simply by fostering the diversity of the stellar garden, moving species from one site to another as appropriate and so they can develop, by interstellar species using spacecraft.

The concept also applies here that at least most of the natural existent species have always existed as a direct manifestation of the creative consciousness of the whole, of the ether, of the original Source. Being in itself, not even creations, but expressions of The Source being that they are The Source. But the human mind cannot handle the concept of eternity, nor that something has always existed. Nor that something never had a beginning nor will it have an end. The species as a manifestation of an idea, of an identity, as a direct reflection or expression of a concept that The Source has, as a material expression of an idea. That idea is a soul. So, it expresses itself in the material as that particular animal. But, without complicating it further, it is not a material expression as there is the spiritual expressing itself materially, but it is the same. The animal is the idea of identity that The Source holds to try to explain itself to have a point of attention apart from itself, to try to observe itself and it tries to observe itself for being, for thinking, for existing as consciousness. It is a long explanation, but in itself short for something so complex.

But saying 'Darwin or creationism', is an example of pure human reductionism. It is true that many things or angles within the theory of evolution are valid, such as natural selection of the fittest. But you can only select the fittest individuals within a species and thus purify the genes of the group, but you can never create a species from a different one. (*SM: microevolution vs macroevolution*) So, no, the human does not come from the monkey. The monkey is one thing and the human is another.



A Neanderthal is not an evolving human. It was another species of being of humano-morpho appearance. Same with Homo Habilis, Homo Erectus and all the others. Using spontaneous mutations to explain a modification of a species by trying to adapt to a new environment or ecosystem does not result in anything, it only ends in theory. In observation, it is only seen that the individuals that are outside their ecosystem tend to die, not to grow scales or gills just from living in

the swamp. It is said that the change is very, very gradual, little by little. It does not add up either because it would take too long, more than could be useful, because the ecosystem conditions that could be a stimulus for the mutation would change faster by several factors than the mutation itself. And, also, it is known that spontaneous mutations come from DNA damage and almost never or never with positive purposes or results for individuals. So a species is already perfect in itself. If it does not adapt to an ecosystem it is because it is not its ecosystem. It's just not what it was designed for.

Estel·la.- Thank you very much. Super interesting. And what do you think about the fact that they say they were destroyed by a meteorite, scary agenda?

Yázhi Swarúu Tasherit.- Meteorites hit all the time. But in itself, one of that extinction size is rare, I see it as forcibly possible. If they existed, then I would be more inclined towards a disappearance due to changes in the ecosystem in general over time. The Earth transforms the same anyway. Yes there is evidence of meteorite impacts. For example, in the sea, between Yucatan, Mexico and Cuba, which is where the meteorite that extinguished the dinosaurs is said to have fallen. And yes, there is a scare agenda component there, of course.

Cristina & Estel·la
Yázhi Swarúu Tasherit

Links:

LBRY: <https://lbry.tv/@PleiadianKnowledge:2>

FACEBOOK: <https://www.facebook.com/Pleiadian-Knowledge-108034420679455>

TELEGRAM: <https://t.me/CONOCIMIENTOPLYADIANOTELEGRAM>

IN ENGLISH: <https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCe4VqunF6sfWEtxnU8SS9Gg>

THE TRANSCRIPTS CAN BE FOUND AT: www.swaruu.org

Facebook: Pleiadian Knowledge PDF: <https://www.facebook.com/groups/2783294118568494>

Transcribed by Andrea Mdos and edited in this format by Toni Ruiz of Sociedad Taygeta

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/1212334248933444>

<https://www.sociedadtaygeta.com/>

English translation by SpaceMonkey of Taygetean Disclosure - English Transcripts

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/325586172179485>